Drug Overdose Surveillance Report Lake County, Ohio: January 2021

The following report outlines emergency department (ED) and urgent care (UC) drug overdose events by Lake County residents during the month of January. During this timeframe, a total of 33 recorded drug overdose ED/UC events met the inclusion criteria listed below. This represents a decrease from the previous month's 39 drug overdose ED/UC visits. One fatality was reported among those reporting to ED/UCs for overdose during the month of January.

Visits

In January, Lake County drug overdose ED/UC admissions occurred among individuals ranging from 18 to 72 years of age. Twenty (20) events

involved an illicit substance, four involved a

prescription medication, and nine involved an unspecified substance (Figure 1). Moreover, 24

ED/UC visits resulted in routine discharge, while

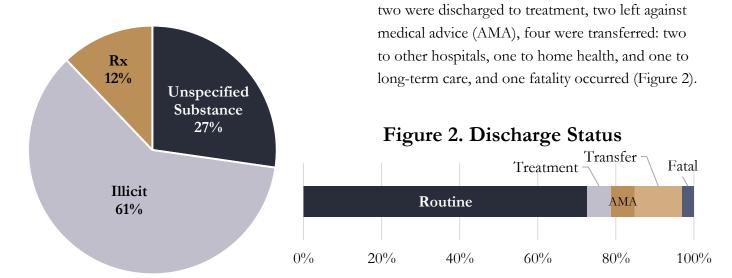
December January

39
Overdose

Overdose

Figure 1. Overdoses by Type

Visits



Inclusion Criteria:

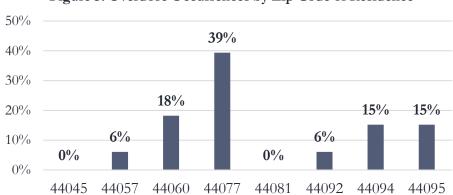
The data presented in this report was retrieved from Ohio ESSENCE (Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics), which replaced EpiCenter as Ohio's Syndromic Surveillance System in January 2021. Data is extracted using the Chief Complaint and Differential Diagnosis Category "CDC All Drug v1." Data prior to 2021 was retrieved from EpiCenter using the "Ohio Opioid-Related Suspected Drug Overdose" classifier, and prior to August 2019, the "Traumatic Injury: Drugs" classifier. This report contains information about Lake County residents, regardless of ED/UC location, and drug—related cases include all ED/UC admits specifying overdose or poisoning. Admits without supporting information, or otherwise indicative of a suicide attempt, intentional overdose, or accidental insulin overdose were excluded from this analysis, as were cases presenting for detox, withdrawal symptoms, or evaluation for admission to a treatment program absent an overdose. In most cases, the drug responsible for the overdose is not indicated. As such, the included figures are not limited to opioid-related events.



Geographical Distribution

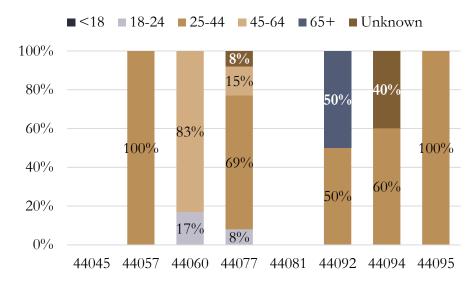
In what areas were overdoses most prevalent?

Figure 3. Overdose Occurrences by Zip Code of Residence



In January, the greatest frequency of ED/UC overdose events occurred amongst those residing in zip code 44077 (Figure 3). ED/UC overdose events increased in 44077 (14%), 44094 (5%) and 44095 (2%), and decreased in 44057 (7%), 44060 (10%), 44081 (3%), 44092 (2%), and 44094 (9%). For the sixteenth consecutive month, no overdose visits were observed among residents of 44045.

Figure 4. Overdose Ages by Zip Code of Residence



ED/UC overdose events varied by age across each of the reported zip codes (Figure 4). Overdose event frequency was highest among those 25 to 44 years of age (76%), followed by those 45 to 64 years of age (6%), 18 to 24 years of age (6%), 65 years or older (3%), and those 18 years and younger (0%). Nine percent of January 2021 overdose events in Lake County did not have any associated age information.

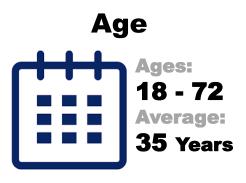
At which Lake County facilities did overdose events present?

Table 1. Overdose Reporting Facility

Facility	N	(%)
Madison Campus	1	3
TriPoint Medical Center	11	33
West Medical Center	14	43
Outside of County	7	21
Total	33	100

During the month of January, the highest proportion of Lake County residents who presented to ERs/UCs for suspected drug overdoses presented to West Medical Center (43%), followed by TriPoint (33%), facilities outside of Lake County (21%), and Madison Campus (3%).

Characteristics of Individuals who Overdosed





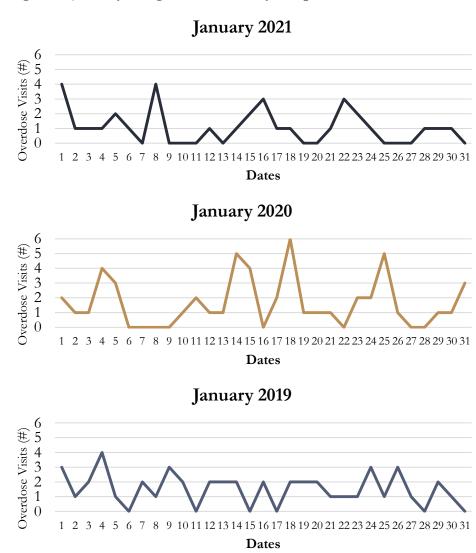


Race

Due to a significant amount of missing data, race information has been omitted from this month's report.

How does this compare with past years?

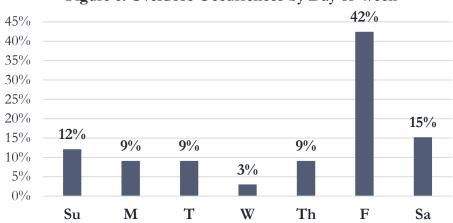
Figure 5. January Drug Overdose Daily Frequencies, 2019-2021



In order to provide for comparisons of daily ED/UC overdose event frequency, January events by day are illustrated for 2019, 2020, and 2021 (Figure 5). The daily maximum of four for January of 2021 is 50% lower than the daily maximum of six reported in 2020, and equivalent to the daily maximum in 2019. Moreover, mean daily ED/UC overdose event frequency for January of 2020 (1.1) is lower than the rates in January of both 2020 (1.7) and 2019 (1.5).

A total of eleven days with no ED/UC overdose events were observed during January of 2021, as compared to eight days in January of 2020, and six in January of 2019. January 2021 overdose events peaked on January 1 and 8, as compared to the 2020 peak, which occurred on January 18, and the 2019 peak, which occurred on January 4.

Figure 6. Overdose Occurrences by Day of Week



When organized by day of week, the frequency of ED/UC overdose events was highest on Friday (42%; Figure 6). Sunday experienced the second highest frequency of overdose events (12%), followed by Monday (9%), Tuesday (9%), and Thursday (9%), and Saturday (5%). Wednesdays had the lowest frequency of occurrences (3%).

The January 2021 Lake County ED/UC overdose event rate per 100,000 population is the third lowest rate observed for January in the past 10 years (Figure 7). It is 35% lower than the rate for January 2020, and 17% higher than the lowest rate of 12.2 observed in January 2013.

Figure 7. Rate of January Overdose Visits by Year 27.3 30.0 22.1 21.8 25.0 20.4 18.7 17.8 20.0 14.3 13.9 12.2 15.0 10.0 5.0 0.0 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019* 2020* 2021*

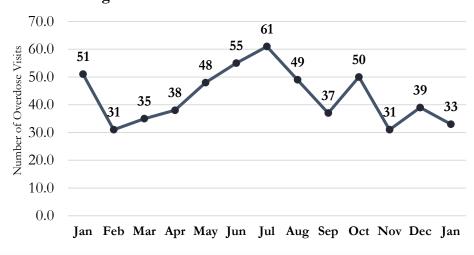
*Rates based on most current available annual population estimates, as obtained from data.census.gov; 2019-2021 rates are based on 2019 population estimates.

Year

Figure 8. Overdose Counts – Past 12 Months

Rate of OD Visits per 100,000 population

2012



When organized by month, ED/UC overdose events decreased 39% from January to February, increased 97% from February to July, decreased 39% from July to September, increased 35% from September to October, decreased 38% from October to November, increased 26% from November to December, and decreased 15% from December 2020 to January 2021 (Figure 8). A total of 33 ED/UC visits for drug-related overdose events have been observed thus far in 2021, as compared to 51 in January 2020.

Lake County General Health District Resources



Project DAWN Naloxone Clinics

Due to the ongoing situation with COVID-19 and response efforts, all in-person Project DAWN Clinics have been canceled until further notice.

Training and registration to receive a naloxone kit is available on our website for residents of Lake County, as well as other counties in Ohio without an active Project DAWN Program. For more information, please visit: https://www.lcghd.org/naloxone-distribution/.

Pharmaceutical Disposal Instructions

Before disposing of pharmaceuticals at one of the drop-off locations, be sure to remove or black-out identifiable information on the pharmacy label. Disposable items suitable for drop-off include:

- Unused or expired medications
- Prescriptions, non-prescription pills, syrups, and creams
- Pain and mood altering medications
- Pain relievers, over-the-counter cold and flu medication, vitamins, and pet medications

Pharmaceutical Drug Collection and Disposal Locations

Monday - Friday: 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. Saturday: 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Sunday: 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Note: No Sunday Hours at Lakeland

Eastlake Police Department

35150 Lakeshore Boulevard Eastlake, OH 44095

Madison Township Police Department

2065 Hubbard Road Madison, OH 44057

Mentor Police Department

8500 Civic Center Boulevard Mentor, OH 44060

Mentor-on-the-Lake Police Department

5860 Andrews Road Mentor-on-the-Lake, OH 44060

Lake County Sheriff's Office

104 East Erie Street Painesville, OH 44077

Willoughby Police Department

36700 Euclid Avenue Willoughby, OH 44094

Willoughby Hills Police Department

35405 Chardon Road Willoughby Hills, OH 44094

Lakeland Comm. College Police Department

7700 Clocktower Drive, Building A, Lower Level Kirtland, OH 44094

REV: 5/21/2021









